CAPITALIZATION OF ASSETS POLICY

PURPOSE

This policy applies to all capital assets owned by Long Island University and establishes guidelines for capital asset accounting, valuation, and control. The purpose of this policy is to ensure stewardship of University assets, accurate financial reporting, and consistent compliance with generally accepted accounting principles.

STATEMENT OF POLICY

It is the University’s policy to ensure capital assets are recorded and reported in the following categories, with the capitalization amounts for each detailed in the explanations below:

1. Land
2. Land Improvements
3. Buildings and Fixed Equipment
4. Moveable Equipment (includes software)
5. Library Books and Materials
6. Museum and Art Collections
7. Construction in Progress

1. Land
   - Land is all non-expendable, real property regardless of value.
   - Land will be recorded in the University’s financial records at cost.
   - Donations of land will be recorded at the fair market value at the time of donation.
   - Capitalization will include all ancillary costs related to acquisition. Ancillary costs include legal and title fees, surveying fees, appraisal costs, negotiation fees, and demolition of unwanted structures and other expenditures incurred to prepare the land for use.
   - If land and building are acquired as a single parcel, the value of each will be determined and recorded separately.

2. Land Improvements
   - Land improvements are enhancements (other than buildings) to land having a value of $5,000 or more. Examples of such improvements include fencing, sidewalks, roadways, retaining walls, and lighting.
   - Land improvements will be recorded at cost at the time of acquisition or fair market value at the time of donation.
   - Land improvements generally have a useful life between 10 and 40 years.
3. Buildings and Fixed Equipment

- Buildings are defined as any permanently roofed structure having a value of $5,000 or more and include all fixtures and equipment attached to that structure.
- Buildings will be recorded at cost at the time of acquisition or fair market value at the time of donation.
- Buildings will be divided into major components of the structure including structural shell, water/sewer service, electrical service and roof.
- Each component has a specific useful life. Building components have useful lives ranging from 10 to 50 years.
- Renovations to buildings will be capitalized at the cost of the increased value to the building if the total cost of the renovation is $50,000 or greater.
- Renovation costs are depreciated separately over a useful life of 40 years.
- Renovation costs not meeting the $50,000 threshold will be expensed.
- Repairs and maintenance costs are also expensed.

4. Moveable Equipment

- Moveable equipment is defined as equipment that does not lose its identity through incorporation into a more complex unit with a useful life greater than one year.
- Moveable equipment will be recorded at cost at the time of acquisition or fair market value at the time of donation. Cost of moveable equipment includes all delivery, freight, and labor costs to place the equipment in operation.
- Moveable equipment with a cost or value of between $2,500 and $4,999 is tagged with LIU property tags and inventoried for insurance and stewardship purposes, but not capitalized.
- High-risk items under $2,500 may be inventoried for insurance and stewardship purposes as deemed appropriate by the University.
- Moveable equipment with a cost or value of $5,000 or more is tagged with property tags, inventoried and capitalized.
- Capitalized moveable equipment has a useful life between 3 and 10 years.
- Moveable equipment purchased with federal funds is tagged with property tags. In addition, a Federal identification label is placed next to the tag. Federal equipment may not be surplused, transferred, or otherwise disposed of without prior written authorization by the Director of Sponsored Projects.
- Externally purchased computer software is included in the moveable equipment category and is subject to all policies prescribed for moveable equipment. Internally developed software is not subject to capitalization.

5. Library Books and Materials

- Library books and materials are books, periodicals, microfilms, electronic media, and other
library items.

- These holdings are capitalized at cost.
- Donations of library books and materials are capitalized at appraised value at the date of the gift.
- Library disposals are booked annually at an average cost from information received Campus libraries.
- Capitalized library books and materials have a useful life of 10 years.

6. **Museum and Art Collections**

- Museum and Art Collections are defined as such if the collection is held for public exhibition, education, or research rather than financial gain.
- Such collections shall be capitalized at cost or at their appraised value at acquisition.
- Adjustments will be made to these values only upon the completion of new appraisals or termination of ownership.
- Museum and art collections are not subject to depreciation.

7. **Construction in Progress**

- Construction in Progress includes all costs associated with building, building renovation or land improvement construction projects that are not substantially complete and the asset ready for its intended use.
- Construction in Progress assets will not be subject to depreciation until completed and transferred to the appropriate permanent asset class.

The Controller’s is responsible for maintaining the inventory records on all fixed assets from the time of acquisition until disposal. This office is responsible for the implementation of this Fixed Asset Capitalization policy—initiating capitalization and maintaining depreciation records.

Ultimate responsibility for University property rests with individual department equipment custodians. Departmental custodians are responsible for the protection, maintenance, and custody of the equipment entrusted to their care. Departmental custodians are also responsible for completing the proper documentation to account for acquisition, location, transfer, surplus, or loss of property assigned to their departments.

**POLICY TYPE: FINANCE**